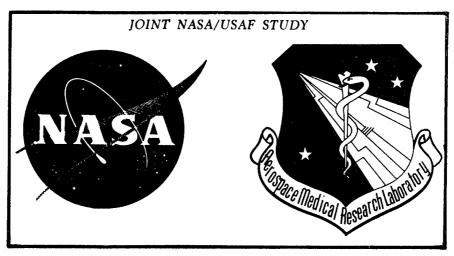
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## CONTINUOUS ANIMAL EXPOSURE TO DICHLOROMETHANE

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AEROSPACE MEDICAL RESEARCH LABORATORY
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The experiments reported herein were conducted according to the "Guide for Laboratory Animal Facilities and Care," 1965 prepared by the Committee on the Guide for Laboratory Animal Resources, National Academy of Sciences—National Research Council.

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Continuous exposures of dogs, monkeys, rats and mice to 5000 ppm and 1000 ppm of dichloromethane vapor $(CH_2Cl_2)$ produced severe toxic effects on dogs, rats and mice. Dogs died after 3 weeks exposure to 1000 ppm and after 6 weeks exposure to 5000 ppm.					
Thirty percent of the mice also succumbed during four weeks exposure to 5000 ppm					
CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> . Although rats survived 14 weeks					
subnormal weight gains. Significant gross and histopathological hepatic lesions were					
noted in all 3 species at death or experimental termination in 14 weeks. In addition,					
rats showed abnormal kidney histopathology. Fat stains disclosed mild fatty increase					
in monkey livers after 14 weeks exposure t	mdd oont O:	<sup>CH</sup> 2 <sup>C1</sup> 2°			
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## **FOREWORD**

This is one of a series of technical reports describing results of the experimental laboratory program being conducted in the toxic Hazards Research Unit. This report is concerned with chronic inhalation toxicity of dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>), a solvent used in the manufacture of plastic and a common spacecraft contaminant. The research was sponsored by the National Aeronautics and Space Administration under NASA Purchase Request T-80498, funds applied to Air Force Contract F33615-70-C-1046. Work was performed by SysteMed Corporation personnel located at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio. K. C. Back, PhD, Chief of the Toxicology Branch, was the technical contract monitor for the Aerospace Medical Research Laboratory.

J. D. MacEwen, PhD, was the principal investigator for the SysteMed Corporation. Acknowledgement is made to W. F. MacKenzie, Lt. Col., USAF, MC, for gross pathological examinations and to R. L. Patrick, MD, of the Laboratory for Experimental Biology, St. Louis, Missouri, for histopathological studies.

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This technical report has been reviewed and is approved.

ANTHONY A. THOMAS, MD Director Toxic Hazards Division Aerospace Medical Research Laboratory

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